## Simple and Compound interest

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## Simple interest

I interest earned

P amount of money started with (Principle)
r interest rate as a <u>decimal</u>

t time in years.

D You invest \$400 at 300 interest for 2 years. How much interest do you earn?

$$P = 400$$
  $T = P \cdot t$   
 $r = 0.03$   $= (400)(0.03)(2)$   
 $t = 2$ 

2) you invest \$1000 at 2.5% interest for 6 months. How much is your investment worth at the end?

```
P=1000
                     I=Prt
                       = (1000)(0.025)(0.5)
C= 0.025
t = 6 months
                       = 12.50
 = 0.5 years
                    A=P+I
                       $ 1000 + $ 12.50
                       a 10 12.50
```

3) You invest \$ 500 at 4% intrest. You earn \$20 intrest. How was the amortzation period?

$$I = 125 
P = 650$$

$$I = \frac{r}{r} \times 100$$

$$V = \frac{r}{r} \times 100$$

$$V = \frac{125}{(650 \times 7)} \times 100$$

$$V = 2.7\%$$

Compound therest

$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

A actual amount Principle and interest together.

principle

interest rate as a duimal

term in years Compounding period -how many times compounded each year. yearly n=1 semi-annually n=2 quarterly n=4 monthly n=12 weekly n=52

D you invest \$ 1000 at 1.5% interest, compounded quarterly for a years. How much is you investment worth after 2 years?

2 years:  

$$P=1000$$
  $A=P(1+\frac{r}{n})^{nt}$   
 $n=4$  =  $1000 \times (1+\frac{0.015}{4})^{(4\times2)}$   
 $t=2$  =  $1030.40$