

# Math 9 Exponent Practice Test

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Complete each Statement

a) Write 243 as a power of 3  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}^5$

b) Write  $(-8)^5$  using repeated multiplication  $\underline{(-8)(-8)(-8)(-8)(-8)}$

c) Arrange the following in order from largest value to smallest value.

$$(-4)^2, 5^{-3}, (-6)^3, (-12)^0, \underline{(-4)^2}, \underline{(-12)^0}, \underline{5^{-3}}, \underline{(-6)^3}$$

d) When  $7^{-2}$  is evaluated, the answer expressed as a fraction is  $\underline{\frac{1}{49}}$

e)  $(-1)(-4)(-4)(-4)$  expressed as a power is  $\underline{(-4)^4}$

f) In the power,  $-5^3$ , the base is  $\underline{5}$  and the exponent is  $\underline{3}$ .

The “-” represents the number  $\underline{-1}$ .

g) Write the following numbers in scientific notation

a)  $0.0021 = \underline{2.1 \times 10^{-3}}$  b)  $457.34 = \underline{4.5734 \times 10^2}$

h) Put the following numbers into standard notation

a)  $8.3 \times 10^{-8} = \underline{0.000000083}$  b)  $3.732 \times 10^2 = \underline{373.2}$

2. Evaluate the following (do not leave in exponential form. Calculate the answer.): (1 mark each)

a)  $2^2 \times 3^2 = \underline{4} \times \underline{9}$   
 $= \boxed{36}$

b)  $2^3 + 3^3 = \underline{8} + \underline{27}$   
 $= \boxed{35}$

c)  $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 = \boxed{\frac{16}{25}}$

d)  $-5^2 = \boxed{-25}$

e)  $(4 \times 6[5 \times 6]^2 + 9)^0 = \underline{1}$

f)  $(-2)^0 + (-1)^{10} + (6)^3 = \underline{1} + \underline{1} + \underline{216}$   
 $= \boxed{218}$

g)  $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^3$   
 $= \boxed{\frac{216}{125}}$

h)  $[(3)^{-6}]^{-2} \div 3^8 = \underline{3^{(-6)(-2)}} \div \underline{3^8}$

i)  $8^5 \times 8^{-7} = \underline{8}^{\underline{2}}$   
 $= \boxed{8^4}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3^4 \\ &= \boxed{81} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore \boxed{\frac{1}{64}}$

4. Write each expression as a positive power. (1 mark each)

a)  $4^7 \times 4^9 =$   
 $= \boxed{4^{7+9}}$

b)  $\frac{10^{26}}{10^7} =$   
 $= \boxed{10^{26-7}}$

c)  $(1.7)^4 (1.7)^3 (1.7) =$   
 $= \boxed{(1.7)^{4+3+1}}$

d)  $(26^{10})^4 =$   
 $= \boxed{26^{40}}$

e)  $(15^3)^4 \div (15^2)^3 =$   
 $= \frac{15^{3 \times 4 - 2 \times 3}}{15^{12}}$   
 $= \boxed{15^6}$

f)  $(8^4 \times 8^{-2})^{-3} =$   
 $= 8^{(4-2)(-3)}$   
 $= 8^{-6} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8^6}}$

5. Simplify the following using exponent laws. Express your final answer using positive exponents. (1 mark each)

a)  $x^4 \times x^5 =$   
 $= \boxed{x^{4+5}}$

b)  $\frac{(c^3 \times c^2)}{c^5} =$   
 $= c^{3+2-5}$   
 $= c^0$   
 $= \boxed{1}$

c)  $(x^2)^4 \times (x^{-4})^5 =$   
 $= x^{2 \times 4 + (-4) \times 5}$   
 $= x^{8-20}$   
 $= \boxed{x^{-12}}$

d)  $(-6x)^3 =$   
 $= -6^3 x^3$   
 $= \boxed{-216 x^3}$

e)  $(8m^2n)(2m^3n^2) =$   
 $= (8 \times 2) m^{2+3} n^{1+2}$   
 $= 16 m^5 n^3$

f)  $-2(3a)^3 =$   
 $= -2 \cdot 3^3 a^3$   
 $= \boxed{-54a^3}$

g)  $(2a^2b^3)^2 (3a^4b^2)^3 =$   
 $= 2^2 \times 3^3 a^{2 \times 2 + 4 \times 3} b^{3 \times 2 + 2 \times 3}$   
 $= 4 \times 27 a^{16} b^{12}$   
 $= \boxed{108 a^{16} b^{12}}$

h)  $\left( \left( \left( \left( 5x^2y^{-12} \right)^3 \right)^7 \right)^8 \right)^{123} = \boxed{1}$   
 (note:  $x, y \neq 0$ )

i)  $(x^3)(x^{-2}) =$   
 $= x^{3-2}$

j)  $\frac{c^{-10}}{c^{-4}} =$   
 $= c^{-10 - (-4)}$   
 $= c^{-6}$   
 $= \boxed{c^6}$

k)  $\frac{25a^5}{5a^3} = \boxed{5a^2}$

l)  $\frac{-\frac{1}{7}m^5}{m^3} \times \frac{\frac{4}{3}m^3 m^4}{14m^6} = -4m^{5+4-6}$   
 $= \boxed{-4m^3}$

m)  $\frac{(3a^2)^2}{3(a^2)^2} = \frac{3^2 a^4}{3^2 a^4} = \boxed{3}$

n)  $(4xy)(-3xy)^2 = (4)(9)x^{1+2}y^{1+3}$   
 $= \boxed{36x^3y^3}$

o)  $\left(\frac{5c^2}{2d^3}\right)^2 = \frac{5^2 c^4}{2^2 d^6} = \boxed{\frac{25c^4}{4d^6}}$

p)  $-(-6x^{-2})^{-2} = -\frac{x^4}{36}$

6. Each of the following equations has an error. Briefly explain what the error is and provide steps to find the correct answer. (1 mark each)

a)  $(9ab^2)^3 = 9a^3b^6$  The "g" must also be to the power of 3

b)  $7c^{-5} = \frac{1}{7c^5}$  The "7" does not have a negative exponent.

c)  $(s^4)^2 = s^6$  When we have power to a power we multiply the exponents, not add.

d)  $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{8}{5}$  "5" must also be raised to the power 3

7. Evaluate by showing steps and applying order of operations if appropriate! (6 marks)

$$\text{a) } 7^2 + (-7)^2 = 49 + 49 \\ = \boxed{98}$$

$$\text{b) } (-2)^3 - (-4)^2 + (-7)^0 = -8 - 16 + 1 \\ = -8 - 16 \\ = \boxed{-24}$$

$$\text{c) } (12^3 + 7^2) + (4^3 - 2^6) = (1728 + 49) + (64 - 64) \\ = \boxed{1777}$$

$$\text{d) } \left[ \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^{-2} \right]^4 = \left[ \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \right]^4 = \left[ \frac{256}{6561} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2^8}{3^8}$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{2^2 \times 5 - (2-3)^2}{2^2 \times 3 - (5+4)} = \frac{2^2 \times 5 - (2-3)}{2^2 \times 3 - 9} = \frac{2^2 \times 5 - 1}{2^2 \times 3 - 9} = \frac{4 \times 5 + 1}{4 \times 3 - 9}$$

$$= \frac{20+1}{12-9} = \frac{21}{3} = \boxed{7}$$

**Word Problems: Show all Steps and give exponent expression used to solve problem where appropriate.**

8. A formula that approximates the distance an object falls through air in relation to time is  $d = 4.9t^2$ . The distance,  $d$ , is measured in metres, and time,  $t$ , in seconds. A pebble breaks loose from a cliff. What distance would it fall if it fell for 18 seconds?

$$\begin{aligned} d &= ? \\ t &= 18 \text{ s} \\ &= 4.9t^2 \\ &= 4.9(18)^2 \\ &= 1587.6 \end{aligned}$$

$\boxed{\text{It would fall}} \\ \boxed{1587.6 \text{ m in 18s}}$

9. A population of bacteria doubles every 3 hours. If there are 100 bacteria now, how many will there be after each amount of time? (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } 15 \text{ hours} \\ 15 \div 3 &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 100 \times 2^5 &= 100 \times 32 \\ &= 3200 \end{aligned}$$

$\boxed{\text{There would be}} \\ \boxed{3200 \text{ bacteria}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } 24 \text{ hours} \\ 24 \div 3 &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 100 \times 2^8 &= 100 \times 256 \\ &= 25600 \end{aligned}$$

$\boxed{\text{There would be}} \\ \boxed{25600 \text{ bacteria}}$

10. A cube has a side length of 3 cm. Write an exponent expression for each and then solve. (2 marks)

a. Determine the volume of the cube.

$$V = s^3$$
$$= (3\text{cm})^3$$

$$V = [27\text{cm}^3]$$

The volume  
is  $27\text{cm}^3$

b. Determine the surface area of the cube.

$$SA = 6s^2$$
$$= 6(3\text{cm})^2$$
$$= 6(9\text{cm}^2)$$
$$= [54\text{cm}^2]$$

The surface area  
is  $54\text{cm}^2$

